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## CORRIGENDUM: ON THE IRRATIONALITY OF SOME ALTERNATING SERIES

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The aim of this note is to point out that Theorem 1 of the first author's paper [1] is incorrect, and to replace it with Theorem A below and give an application.

**Theorem 1.** Let  $(a_n)$  be a sequence of positive integers such that  $a_n(a_1a_2...a_{n-1})^2 \to \infty$  as  $n \to \infty$ . Then the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{a_n(a_1...a_{n-1})^2}$  is irrational.

The constant sequence  $(a_n) = 2, 2, ...$  is a counterexample. The mistake in the proof lies in assuming that, with  $u_i = (a_1 ... a_{i-1})^{-2}$  and  $v_i = a_i$ , the sum  $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (-1)^{i-1} u_i / v_i$  is a rational number with denominator  $v_1 ... v_n$ . In fact, the denom-

inator is  $v_n(v_1 \dots v_{n-1})^2$ .

The following result is a generalization of Lemma 1 in [1].

**Theorem A.** Let  $(r_n) = (h_n/k_n)$  be a sequence of rational numbers, with  $k_n > 0$ , satisfying

(i)  $r_2 < r_4 < r_6 < \dots < r_5 < r_3 < r_1$  and

(ii)  $\liminf_{k=1}^{n} k_n |r_{n+1} - r_n| = 0$ . Then the alternating series

 $r_1 - (r_1 - r_2) + (r_3 - r_2) - (r_3 - r_4) + \dots$ 

converges and its sum is irrational.

**Proof.** It follows from (i) and (ii) that the conditions of Leibniz's alternating series test are satisfied. Thus the series converges and its sum,  $\theta$ , lies between the partial sums  $r_n$  and  $r_{n+1}$ , for n = 1, 2, ... Suppose now that  $\theta = a/b$  is rational, b > 0. Then (ii) and the inequalities  $0 < |\theta - r_n| < |r_{n+1} - r_n|$  imply that  $0 < |ak_n - bh_n| < bk_n |r_{n+1} - r_n| < 1$ , for some  $n \ge 1$ . This contradicts the fact that  $ak_n - bh_n$  is an integer, completing the proof.  $\Box$ 

As an application of Theorem A (or of Lemma 1), we obtain a new proof that if  $p_n/q_n$  is the n-th convergent of an infinite simple continued fraction, n = 0, 1, 2, ..., then the sum of the series  $p_0/q_0 + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n/(q_nq_{n+1})$  is an irrational number, namely,

the value of the continued fraction.

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## References

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