

# SYLLABUS

## *Data Structures and algorithms*

University year 2025- 2026

### 1. Information regarding the programme

1.1. Higher education institution	Babeş – Bolyai University
1.2. Faculty	Mathematics and Computer Science
1.3. Department	Department of Computer Science
1.4. Field of study	Computer Science
1.5. Study cycle	Bachelor
1.6. Study programme/Qualification	Artificial Intelligence
1.7. Form of education	Full time

### 2. Information regarding the discipline

2.1. Name of the discipline		Data Structures and algorithms					Discipline code		MLE5022		
2.2. Course coordinator					Lect. PhD. Hotea Diana – Lucia						
2.3. Seminar coordinator					Lect. PhD. Hotea Diana – Lucia						
2.4. Year of study		1	2.5. Semester		2	2.6. Type of evaluation		E	2.7. Discipline regime		Compulsory

### 3. Total estimated time (hours/semester of didactic activities)

3.1. Hours per week	4	of which: 3.2 course	2	3.3 seminar/laboratory/project	<b>1S + 1LP</b>
3.4. Total hours in the curriculum	56	of which: 3.5 course	28	3.6 seminar/laboratory/project	<b>28</b>
<b>Time allotment for individual study (ID) and self-study activities (SA)</b>					<b>hours</b>
Learning using manual, course support, bibliography, course notes (SA)					20
Additional documentation (in libraries, on electronic platforms, field documentation)					4
Preparation for seminars/labs, homework, papers, portfolios and essays					35
Tutorship					5
Evaluations					5
Other activities:					
3.7. Total individual study hours	<b>69</b>				
3.8. Total hours per semester	<b>125</b>				
3.9. Number of ECTS credits	<b>5</b>				

### 4. Prerequisites (if necessary)

4.1. curriculum	Computer programming and programming languages
4.2. competencies	Medium programming skills

### 5. Conditions (if necessary)

5.1. for the course	Class room with projector
5.2. for the seminar /lab activities	

### 6.1. Specific competencies acquired

Professional/essential competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• create data models</li> <li>• create software</li> </ul>
Transversal competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• show initiative</li> <li>• think analytically</li> </ul>

## 6.2. Learning outcomes

Knowledge	<p>The student knows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The graduate has the necessary knowledge for the use of computers, the development of software programs and applications, and for the information processing.</li> </ul>
Skills	<p>The student is able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The graduate has the ability to develop, design and create new applications, systems or products using best practices in the field of Computer Science.</li> <li>• The graduate is able to identify complex issues and examine related issues in order to design several solutions and implement these solutions.</li> </ul>
Responsibility and autonomy:	<p>The student has the ability to work independently to obtain:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The graduate is able to combine diverse information to formulate solutions and develop development ideas for new products and applications.</li> </ul>

## 7. Objectives of the discipline (outcome of the acquired competencies)

7.1 General objective of the discipline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Study of data structures that can be used to implement abstract data types (arrays, linked lists, heaps, hash tables, binary trees)</li> </ul>
7.2 Specific objective of the discipline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Study of the concept of abstract data type and the most frequently used abstract data types in application development.</li> <li>• Study of the data structures that can be used to implement these abstract data types.</li> <li>• Develop the ability to work with data stored in different data structures and to compare the complexities of their operations.</li> <li>• Develop the ability to choose the appropriate data structure in order to model and solve real world problems.</li> <li>• Acquire knowledge necessary to work with existing data structure libraries.</li> </ul>

## 8. Content

8.1 Course	Teaching methods	Remarks
<b>1. Data structures. Abstract Data Types.</b> <b>Algorithm analysis</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Abstract Data Types and Data Structures</li> <li>Pseudocode conventions</li> <li>Complexities</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Description</li> <li>Examples</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul>	
<b>2. Arrays. Iterators</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dynamic array</li> <li>Amortized complexity analysis</li> <li>Interface of an iterator</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Description</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul>	
<b>3. Linked Lists</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Singly linked list: representation and operations</li> <li>Doubly linked list: representation and operations</li> <li>Iterator for linked lists</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Description</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> <li>Case study</li> </ul>	
<b>4. Abstract Data Types</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ADT Set: description, domain, interface and possible representations</li> <li>ADT Map: description, domain, interface and possible representations</li> <li>ADT Matrix: description, domain, interface and possible representations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Description</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul>	
<b>5. Linked Lists II</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Sorted linked lists: representation and operations</li> <li>Linked lists on arrays: representation and operations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Description</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul>	
<b>6. Abstract Data Types II</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ADT List: description, domain, interface and possible representations</li> <li>ADT Stack: description, domain, interface and possible representations</li> <li>ADT Queue: description, domain, interface and possible representations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Description</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> <li>Case studies</li> </ul>	
<b>7. Hash Table</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Direct address tables</li> <li>Hash tables: description, properties</li> <li>Collision resolution through separate chaining</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Description</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul>	
<b>8. Hash Table II</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Collision resolution through coalesced chaining</li> <li>Collision resolution through open addressing</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Description</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul>	
<b>9. Trees. Binary Trees</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Concepts related to trees</li> <li>Applications of trees</li> <li>Possible representations</li> <li>Tree traversals</li> <li>Description and properties of binary trees</li> <li>Domain and interface of ADT Binary</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Description</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul>	

Tree		
<b>10. Binary Trees II</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Possible representations of ADT Binary Tree</li> <li>Binary tree traversals: recursive/non-recursive algorithms</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Description</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul>	
<b>11. Binary Heap</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Definition, representations, sepcific operations</li> <li>HeapSort</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Description</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> <li>Case studies</li> </ul>	
<b>12. ADT Priority Queue</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Description, domain and interface</li> <li>Possible representations</li> <li>Implementation on heap</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Description</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul>	
<b>13. Balanced Binary Search Trees</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Binary Search Trees</li> <li>AVL Trees</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Description</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul>	
<b>14. Applications of the studied DS</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Debate</li> </ul>	
Bibliography <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>T. Cormen, C. Leiserson, R. Rivest, C. Stein: Introduction to algorithms, Third Edition, The MIT Press, 2009</li> <li>Clifford A. Shaffer, A Practical Introduction to Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis, Third Edition, 2010</li> <li>N. Karumanchi: Data structures and algorithms made easy, CareerMonk Publications, 2016</li> <li>Narasimha Karumanchi, Data Structures and Algorithms Made Easy: Data Structures and Algorithmic Puzzles, Fifth Edition, 2016</li> <li>M. A. Weiss: Data structures and algorithm analysis in Java, Third Edition, Pearson, 2012</li> </ol>		
8.2 Laboratory	Teaching methods	Remarks
		Laboratory is structured as 2 hour classes every second week. Laboratory problems assigned at a lab have to be presented in the next lab (excepting the first lab assignemnt). Every laboratory focuses on a given data structure. Students will receive a container (ADT) that has to be implemented using the given data structure.
Lab1. Discussion about solving lab problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Examples</li> <li>Conversation</li> </ul>	
Lab 2. Dynamic array	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Examples</li> <li>Conversation</li> </ul>	To be presented at Lab 3
Lab 3. Linked lists with dynamic allocation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Examples</li> <li>Conversation</li> </ul>	
Lab 4. Linked lists on array	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Examples</li> <li>Conversation</li> </ul>	
Lab 5. Hash Table	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Examples</li> <li>Conversation</li> </ul>	
Lab 6. Binary Search Tree	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Examples</li> <li>Conversation</li> </ul>	
Lab 7. Presentation of problem from Lab 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Exposure</li> <li>Examples</li> <li>Conversation</li> </ul>	

Bibliography		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. T. Cormen, C. Leiserson, R. Rivest, C. Stein: Introduction to algorithms, Third Edition, The MIT Press, 2009</li> <li>2. Clifford A. Shaffer, A Practical Introduction to Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis, Third Edition, 2010</li> <li>3. N. Karumanchi: Data structures and algorithms made easy, CareerMonk Publications, 2016</li> <li>4. Narasimha Karumanchi, Data Structures and Algorithms Made Easy: Data Structures and Algorithmic Puzzles, Fifth Edition, 2016</li> <li>5. M. A. Weiss: Data structures and algorithm analysis in Java, Third Edition, Pearson, 2012</li> </ol>		
8.3 Seminar	Teaching methods	Remarks
		Seminar is structured as 2 hour classes every second week.
1. ADT Bag with generic elements. Representations and implementation on an array. Iterator for ADT Bag	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Exposure</li> <li>- Conversation</li> <li>- Examples</li> <li>- Debate</li> </ul>	
2. Complexities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Exposure</li> <li>- Conversation</li> <li>- Examples</li> <li>- Debate</li> </ul>	
3. Bucket sort, Lexicographic sort, radix sort. Merging two sorted singly linked lists.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Exposure</li> <li>- Conversation</li> <li>- Examples</li> <li>- Debate</li> </ul>	
4. Sorted MultiMap – representation and implementation on a singly linked list	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Exposure</li> <li>- Conversation</li> <li>- Examples</li> <li>- Debate</li> </ul>	
5. Hash tables. Collision resolution through coalesced chaining	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Exposure</li> <li>- Conversation</li> <li>- Examples</li> <li>- Debate</li> </ul>	
6. Binary trees.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Exposure</li> <li>- Conversation</li> <li>- Examples</li> <li>- Debate</li> </ul>	
7. Problems solved with heaps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Exposure</li> <li>- Conversation</li> <li>- Examples</li> <li>- Debate</li> </ul>	
Bibliography		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. T. Cormen, C. Leiserson, R. Rivest, C. Stein: Introduction to algorithms, Third Edition, The MIT Press, 2009</li> <li>2. Clifford A. Shaffer, A Practical Introduction to Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis, Third Edition, 2010</li> <li>3. N. Karumanchi: Data structures and algorithms made easy, CareerMonk Publications, 2016</li> <li>4. Narasimha Karumanchi, Data Structures and Algorithms Made Easy: Data Structures and Algorithmic Puzzles, Fifth Edition, 2016</li> <li>5. M. A. Weiss: Data structures and algorithm analysis in Java, Third Edition, Pearson, 2012</li> </ol>		

**9. Corroborating the content of the discipline with the expectations of the epistemic community, professional associations and representative employers within the field of the program**

- The content of this discipline is consistent with the content of the Data structures courses from other universities in Romania and abroad.
- The content of the discipline ensures the necessary fundamental knowledge needed for using abstract data types and data structures in application design.

## 10. Evaluation

Activity type	10.1 Evaluation criteria	10.2 Evaluation methods	10.3 Percentage of final grade
10.4 Course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Correctness and completeness of the assimilated knowledge</li> <li>• Knowledge of applying the concepts</li> </ul>	Written evaluation (in the exam session): written exam	70%
10.5 Laborator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• C++ implementation of the concepts and algorithms presented at the lectures</li> <li>• Lab assignment documentation</li> <li>• Respecting the deadlines for lab presentation</li> </ul>	Correctness of the implementation and documentation (representation, specifications, algorithms, complexities).	30%
10.6 Seminar	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Activitatea de seminar</li> </ul>	Evaluarea activității de seminar – maximum 0.5 puncte bonus pentru activitate în timpul seminarelor.	
10.7 Minimum standard of performance			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Knowledge of the basic concepts. Each student has to prove that he/she has acquired an acceptable level of knowledge and understanding of the domain, that he/she is capable of expressing the acquired knowledge in a coherent form, that he/she has the ability of using this knowledge for problem solving.</li> <li>• For participating at the written exam, a student must have at least 6 lab attendances and 5 seminar attendances.</li> <li>• For successfully passing the examination, a student must have at least 5 as a final grade.</li> </ul>			

## 11. Labels ODD (Sustainable Development Goals)<sup>1</sup>

*Not applicable.*

<sup>1</sup> Keep only the labels that, according to the [Procedure for applying ODD labels in the academic process](#), suit the discipline and delete the others, including the general one for *Sustainable Development* – if not applicable. If no label describes the discipline, delete them all and write „Not applicable.”.

Date:  
15.04.2025

Signature of course coordinator  
Lect. PhD. Diana – Lucia HOTEA

Signature of seminar coordinator  
Lect. PhD. Diana – Lucia HOTEA

Date of approval:  
...

Signature of the head of department  
Assoc.prof.phd. Adrian STERCA