#### **SYLLABUS**

# 1. Information regarding the programme

| 1.1 Higher education  | Babeş-Bolyai University                     |
|-----------------------|---|
| institution           |   |
| 1.2 Faculty           | Faculty of Mathematics and Computer Science |
| 1.3 Department        | Department of Mathematics                   |
| 1.4 Field of study    | Mathematics                                 |
| 1.5 Study cycle       | Bachelor                                    |
|                       |   |
| 1.6 Study programme / | Mathematics Computer Science                |
| Qualification         |   |

# 2. Information regarding the discipline

| 2.1 Name of the         | ne d | iscipline | Ma | athematical Statistics          | 5    |             |               |
|-------------------------|------|-----------|----|---------------------------------|------|-------------|---------------|
| 2.2 Course coordinator  |      |           |    | Prof. Sanda Micula, PhD. Habil. |      |             |               |
| 2.3 Seminar coordinator |      |           |    | Prof. Sanda Micula,             | PhD. | Habil.      |               |
| 2.4. Year of            | 3    | 2.5       | 5  | 2.6. Type of                    | E    | 2.7 Type of | DS Compulsory |
| study                   |      | Semester  |    | evaluation                      |      | discipline  |               |
| 2.8 Course Co           | de   | MLE00     | 30 |                                 |      |             |               |

## 3. Total estimated time (hours/semester of didactic activities)

| 3.1 Hours per week  | 5  | Of which: 3.2 course | 2  | 3.3                | 2 sem + |
|---|----|----------------------|----|--------------------|---------|
|   |    |                      |    | seminar/laboratory | 1 lab   |
| 3.4 Total hours in the curriculum   | 70 | Of which: 3.5 course | 28 | 3.6                | 42      |
|   |    |                      |    | seminar/laboratory |         |
| Time allotment:   |    |                      |    |                    |         |
| Learning using manual, course support, bibliography, course notes                     |    |                      |    |                    | 10      |
| Additional documentation (in libraries, on electronic platforms, field documentation) |    |                      |    |                    | 7       |
| Preparation for seminars/labs, homework, papers, portfolios and essays                |    |                      |    |                    | 5       |
| Tutorship   |    |                      |    |                    | 3       |
| Evaluations   |    |                      |    |                    | 5       |
| Other activities:   |    |                      |    | -                  |         |

| 3.7 Total individual study hours | 30  |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| 3.8 Total hours per semester     | 100 |
| 3.9 Number of ECTS credits       | 4   |

#### **4. Prerequisites** (if necessary)

| 4.1. curriculum   | Probability Theory   |  |  |
|-------------------|--|--|--|
|                   | Mathematical Analysis  |  |  |
| 4.2. competencies | Logical thinking   |  |  |
|                   | <ul> <li>Average logical programming skills in Matlab</li> </ul> |  |  |

## **5. Conditions** (if necessary)

| 5.1. for the course | <ul> <li>Lecture room with large blackboard and video projector</li> </ul> |
|---------------------|--|
|---------------------|--|

| 5.2. for the seminar /lab | For seminar: room with large blackboard  |
|---------------------------|--|
| activities                | <ul> <li>For lab: Laboratory with computers having Matlab installed</li> </ul> |

6. Specific competencies acquired

| Professional competencies | C1.1 Identifying basic concepts, describing theory and using specific language C3.2 Interpretation of data and explaining the appropriate steps for solving problems by algorithms |
|---------------------------|--|
| Transversal competencies  | CT3 Using efficient methods and techniques for learning, information, research and developing capabilities for using knowledge, for adapting to a dynamic society                  |

# 7. Objectives of the discipline (outcome of the acquired competencies)

| 7.1 General objective of the discipline  | Acquire basic knowledge of Mathematical Statistics, with main focus on applications   |
|--|---|
| 7.2 Specific objective of the discipline | <ul> <li>Become familiar and be able to work with various statistical models and procedures</li> <li>Ability to perform statistical analysis of data</li> <li>Ability to use statistical features of various mathematical software</li> </ul> |

#### 8. Content

| 8. Content  |   |         |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|---------|--|--|--|--|
| 8.1 Course  | Teaching methods  | Remarks |  |  |  |  |
| Review of Probability Theory.     Probability space. Rules of probability.     Conditional probability. Probabilistic models. Random variables and random vectors.  | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul> |         |  |  |  |  |
| Common discrete and continuous distributions. PDF and CDF. Examples, applications, properties.  | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul> |         |  |  |  |  |
| 3. <b>Descriptive Statistics.</b> Data collection. Graphical display of data. Frequency distribution and histograms. Parameters of a statistical distribution. Measures of central tendency. Measures of variation. | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul> |         |  |  |  |  |
| Correlation and regression. Correlation coefficient. Least squares estimation. Linear regression.   | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul> |         |  |  |  |  |
| 5. <b>Sample Theory.</b> Samples. Sample functions: sample mean, sample variance, sample moments, sample distribution   | <ul><li>Interactive exposure</li><li>Explanation</li><li>Conversation</li></ul>                                       |         |  |  |  |  |

| function, sample proportions, sample functions for two populations. Properties.  | Didactical demonstration  |
|--|---|
| 6. <b>Statistical Inference.</b> Estimation theory, basic notions. Unbiased and minimum variance estimators. Standard error. Common unbiased estimators. Consistent estimators. Examples.                                    | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul> |
| 7. Properties of point estimators. Likelihood function. Fisher's information. Absolutely correct estimators. Cramer-Raó Inequality. Efficiency and efficient estimators.   | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul> |
| 8. Sufficient statistics, Raó-Blackwell Theorem. Complete statistics, Lehmann- Scheffé Theorem. Examples.  | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul> |
| 9. Methods of estimation. The method of moments estimator, the method of maximum likelihood estimator. Examples.   | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul> |
| 10. Confidence intervals. Basic concepts, general framework. Confidence intervals for estimating the population mean and the population variance. Confidence intervals for proportions. Selecting the sample size. Examples. | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul> |
| 11. Confidence intervals for comparing two population means and two population variances. Confidence intervals for comparing proportions. Examples.  | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul> |
| 12. Hypothesis testing. Basic concepts, general framework. Rejection region. Type I errors. Significance testing and P-values. The Z-test for the mean. Selecting the sample size. Examples.                                 | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul> |
| 13. The T (Student)-test for the mean. Tests for proportions. The Chi-square-test for the variance. The F-test for the ratio of variances. Tests for the difference of means. Paired data tests. Examples.                   | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul> |
| 14. Type II errors and the power of a test. Most powerful tests and the Neyman-Pearson lemma. Uniformly most powerful tests. Examples. Overview of statistical procedures.   | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> </ul> |
| Ribliography   |   |

#### Bibliography

- 1. Micula, S., Probability and Statistics for Computational Sciences, Cluj University Press, 2009.
- 2. Baron, M., Probability and Statistics for Computer Scientists, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, CRC Press, Taylor and Francis, Boca Raton, FL, 2019.
- 3. Milton, J.S., Arnold, J. C., Introduction to Probability and Statistics: Principles and Applications for Engineering and the Computing Sciences, 3rd Edition. McGraw-Hill, New York, 1995.
- 4. Blaga, P., Calculul probabilitatilor si statistica matematica. Vol. II. Curs si culegere de probleme, Universitatea "Babes-Bolyai" Cluj-Napoca, 1994.
- 5. Feller, W., An introduction to probability theory and its applications, Vol. 1, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, WSE Wiley, New York, 2008.

| 6. DeGroot, M. H., Schervish, M. J., Probability   | and Statistics, Addison-Wesley, Bo   | oston, 2012. |
|--|--|--------------|
| 8.2 Seminar  | Teaching methods   | Remarks      |
| Euler's Functions. Properties. Computation of moments of continuous random variables.                        | <ul><li>Interactive exposure</li><li>Explanation</li><li>Conversation</li></ul>  |              |
| Rules of probability, random variables.     Applications.  | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Individual/group work</li> </ul>                                   |              |
| Descriptive Statistics. Measures of central tendency and measures of variation.                              | <ul><li>Interactive exposure</li><li>Explanation</li><li>Conversation</li><li>Individual/group work</li></ul>  |              |
| 4. Correlation and regression. Correlation coefficient, lines of regression.                                 | <ul><li>Interactive exposure</li><li>Explanation</li><li>Conversation</li><li>Individual/group work</li></ul>  |              |
| 5. Sample functions. Properties.   | <ul><li>Interactive exposure</li><li>Explanation</li><li>Conversation</li><li>Individual/group work</li></ul>  |              |
| 6. Unbiased, consistent and minimum variance estimators.   | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Individual/group work</li> </ul>                                   |              |
| 7. Fisher's information. Absolutely correct and efficient estimators.  | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Synthesis</li> <li>Individual/group work</li> </ul>                                     |              |
| 8. Sufficient and complete statistics. Lehmann-<br>Scheffé Theorem. Minimum variance<br>unbiased estimators. | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Individual/group work</li> </ul>                                   |              |
| 9. Method of moments.  | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Didactical demonstration</li> <li>Individual/group work</li> </ul> |              |
| 10. Method of maximum likelihood.  | <ul><li>Interactive exposure</li><li>Explanation</li><li>Conversation</li><li>Individual/group work</li></ul>  |              |
| 11. Confidence intervals for the mean, the variance and proportions. Selecting the sample size.              | <ul><li>Interactive exposure</li><li>Explanation</li><li>Conversation</li><li>Individual/group work</li></ul>  |              |
| 12. Confidence intervals for comparing the parameters of two populations.                                    | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Individual/group work</li> </ul>                                   |              |

| <ul> <li>13. Hypothesis and significance testing for the mean, the variance and proportions. Selecting the sample size.</li> <li>14. Hypothesis and significance testing for comparing the parameters of two populations. Most powerful tests.</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Individual/group work</li> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Individual/group work</li> </ul> |   |
|---|--|---|
| 8.3 Laboratory  | Teaching methods   | Remarks   |
| Review of Matlab features. Statistics and machine learning toolbox.   | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Individual/group work</li> </ul>   | The lab is<br>structured as 2<br>hours per<br>week, every<br>other week |
| 2. Random number generators. Simulations of random variables. Samples, statistical measures.  | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Individual/group work</li> </ul>   |   |
| 3. Descriptive Statistics. Histograms, frequency polygons, boxplots.  | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Individual/group work</li> </ul>   |   |
| 4. Correlation and regression. Best fit of data.  | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Synthesis</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Individual/group work</li> </ul>   |   |
| 5. Confidence intervals for means, variances and proportions.   | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Individual/group work</li> </ul>   |   |
| 6. Confidence intervals for comparing two populations. Hypothesis and significance testing for the parameters of one population.  | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Individual/group work</li> </ul>   |   |
| 7. Hypothesis and significance testing for comparing two populations and for paired data.   | <ul> <li>Interactive exposure</li> <li>Explanation</li> <li>Conversation</li> <li>Individual/group work</li> </ul>   |   |

#### Bibliography

- 1. Micula, S., Probability and Statistics for Computational Sciences, Cluj University Press, 2009.
- 2. Baron, M., Probability and Statistics for Computer Scientists, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, CRC Press, Taylor and Francis, Boca Raton, FL, 2019.
- 3. Blaga, P., Statistica prin Matlab, Presa Universitara Clujeana, Cluj-Napoca, 2002.
- 4. Lisei, H., Micula, S., Soos, A., Probability Theory trough Problems and Applications, Cluj University Press, 2006.
- 5. Milton, J.S., Arnold, J. C., Introduction to Probability and Statistics: Principles and Applications for Engineering and the Computing Sciences, 3rd Edition. McGraw-Hill, New York, 1995.

# 9. Corroborating the content of the discipline with the expectations of the epistemic community, professional associations and representative employers within the field of the program

- The course follows the ACM and IEEE Curriculum Recommendations for Mathematics and Computer Science majors;
- The course exists in the studying program of all major universities in Romania and abroad;
- The statistical analysis abilities acquired in this course are useful in any career path students may choose.

#### 10. Evaluation

| Type of activity            | 10.1 Evaluation criteria   | 10.2 Evaluation methods  | 10.3 Share in the grade (%) |
|-----------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 10.4 Course                 | <ul> <li>acquire the basic principles in</li> <li>Mathematical Statistics;</li> <li>be able to apply correctly the course concepts on various applications</li> </ul>  | Written exam   | 70%                         |
| 10.5 Seminar/Lab activities | - apply course concepts and techniques on practical problems - choose and apply the appropriate statistical procedure to various practical problems - implement course concepts and algorithms in Matlab - to solve numerical statistical problems in Matlab | - participation in discussing and solving problems in seminar and lab throughout the semester - solving numerical statistical applications - additional documentation - individual presentation of solutions | 30%                         |

10.7 Minimum performance standards

A grade of 5 or above (on a scale from 1 to 10) on **each** of the activities mentioned above (written test, seminar/lab evaluation)

| Date             | Signature of course coordinator | Signature of seminar coordinator    |  |
|------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| 23.04.2023       | Prof. Sanda Micula, PhD. Habil. | Prof. Sanda Micula, PhD. Habil.     |  |
|                  |                                 |                                     |  |
|                  |                                 |                                     |  |
| Date of approval | Signatur                        | Signature of the head of department |  |
|                  |                                 |                                     |  |