## syllabus

1. Information regarding the programme

1. Illiorillation regarding the programme				
1.1 Higher education	Babeş-Bolyai University			
institution				
1.2 Faculty	Faculty of Mathematics and Computer Science			
1.3 Department	Department of Computer Science			
1.4 Field of study	Computers and Information Technology			
1.5 Study cycle	Bachelor			
1.6 Study programme /	Information Engineering			
Qualification				

2. Information regarding the discipline

2. Information regarding						
2.1 Name of the discipline (en)		Digital Signal Processing				
(ro)						
2.2 Course coordinator		Láz	Lázár Zsolt Iosif			
2.3 Seminar coordinator		Lázár Zsolt Iosif				
2.4. Year of study 3 2.5 Semester		6	2.6. Type of evaluation	Е	2.7 Type of discipline	Compulsor y DS
2.8 Code of the discipline MLE5178						

3. Total estimated time (hours/semester of didactic activities)

3.1 Hours per week	4	Of which: 3.2 course	2	3.3	2 LP
3.1 Hours per week				seminar/laboratory	
3.4 Total hours in the curriculum	56	Of which: 3.5 course	28	3.6	28
3.4 Total flours in the curriculant		The state was to		seminar/laboratory	
T' - lletment					hours
Time allotment:					14
Learning using manual, course support, bibliography, course notes					20
Additional documentation (in libraries, on electronic platforms, field documentation)					
Preparation for seminars/labs, homework, papers, portfolios and essays				27	
					4
Tutorship					4
Evaluations					-
Other activities:		V			
		60			

Office detrition	
3.7 Total individual study hours	69
3.8 Total hours per semester	125
3.9 Number of ECTS credits	5

**4. Prerequisites** (if necessary)

4. Prerequisites (if necessary)	
4.1. curriculum	1. Mathematical analysis
	2. Algebra
4.2. competencies	1. Calculus including functions, series, complex numbers
	2. Programming basics

**5. Conditions** (if necessary)

5.1. for the course	white/blackboard, projector, computer
5.2. for the seminar /lab	white/blackboard, projector, computer
activities	

ware,			
The same of the sa			
Annual Control of the			
C3.3 Applying solution patterns using specific engineering tools and methods			
ire the			
nal,			

## **7. Objectives of the discipline** (outcome of the acquired competencies)

7.1 General objective of the discipline	Acquiring the skills for processing signals, time series and images both offline and online, including the ability to design and implement systems optimized for a wide range of specific use cases.
7.2 Specific objective of the discipline	Students should be able to:  1. characterize different types of signals and systems.  2. Use the available theoretical and programming tools to design and implement different types of filters. Should understand the possibilities and limitations of the available alternatives.  3. Have an overview of the classical and current tools for linear, nonlinear and statistical analysis of time series.  4. Adapt the presented techniques to the different types of real signals including but not limited to biological signals, economic time series, images, etc.  5. Apply machine learning technologies for extracting useful information from a broad range of data sets.

## 8. Content

8.1 C	ourse	Teaching methods	Remarks
1.	Signals and systems: Definitions, representations and types of signals. Systems. Signal processing. DSP applications.	Projected slides complemented by blackboard calculations.	
2.	Sequences and systems: properties, types, testing methods, visual representations. LTI systems, FIR and IIR filters. Convolution sums. Causality and stability.		
3.	Continuous-time LTI systems: Convolution integral. Dirac delta and Heaviside step functions and their properties. Fourier series. Fourier transform (FT).		
.4.	Sampling and reconstruction: Amplitude modulation. Sampling by the Dirac comb. Aliasing. Reconstruction. Nyquist limit and anti-aliasing filters.		
5.	Discrete Fourier transform and the Fast Fourier Transform. Zero padding. FFT based convolution. Deconvolution. Spectral estimation: leakage, scalloping, the effect of windowing. Spectral density estimation: the Bartlett-Welch method.		
6.	Laplace transforms: properties, applications.		^
7.	Function representation of sequences: polynomial representation. Z-transform: properties and applications. Transfer function: applications and examples.		
8.	FIR/IIR filters and the z-domain. Poles and zeros in the s-plane and the z-plane. The frequency response of continuous systems and discrete systems.		a a
9.	The design of Infinite Impulse Response (IIR) filters: filter characteristics. Direct IIR filter design. IIR filter design via analogue filters: bilinear transformation, frequency pre-warping, impulse invariant method, pole-zero matching. Classic analogue filters. FIR filter design and applications.		2

10.	. Introduction to time series analysis: overview of		
	type series types, analysis methods, scope. Linear		
	methods: Fourier analysis, short time Fourier		
	transform (STFT)		
11.	. Wavelet transform (WT): Continuous WT:		
	definitions, properties, theorems, families.		
	Comparison with STFT. Discreet WT: wavelet and		
	scaling functions. Applications.		
12	Random signal processing and applications.		
the state of the s			
	Nonlinear time series analysis and applications		
14.	Connectivity measures, advanced time series analysis methods and applications.		
Biblio	graphy		
R. Me	eddins, Introduction to Digital Signal Processing, Else	vier (2000)	
D.G. I	Manolakis, Applied Digital Signal Processing, V.K. In	gle, Cambridge University Press (201	.1)
	atnagar, Introduction to Wavelet Transforms, CRC Pre		
	Fleet, Discrete Wavelet Transformations, Wiley (2019		
	ntz, T. Schreiber, Nonlinear Time Series Analysis (200		
	Müller, S. Guido, Introduction to Machine Learning w		
	Saeid, EEG Signal Processing and Machine Learning,		D I
8.2 Se	eminar / laboratory	Teaching methods	Remarks
1.	Introduction to (numeric) Python programming:	Programming.	
	basics of the language, interactive mode, numeric		
	array manipulation, data I/O.		
2.	Characterizing sequences. Unit and impulse	Sequences are characterized at the	
	sequences. The convolution sum.	blackboard based on their	
	sequences. The convolution sum.	mathematical properties. The rest	
		1 1	
		are programming tasks (frontal	
		&individual supervised work).	
3.	Examples of Fourier series and Fourier transforms.	Programming	
	Using the FFT algorithm.		
4.	Numerical demonstration of sampling and	Programming	
	reconstruction, aliasing.		
	Numerical demonstration of the properties of the	Programming	
5.		Tiogramming	
	discrete Fourier transform (leakage, scalloping, the		
	effect of windowing). Estimating the power		
	spectral density. Applications on sound time series.		
6.	Laplace transform problems and exercises.	Theoretical work.	
7.	Bode plots. Plotting the p-z diagrams.	Programming.	
/ .	Designing IIR filters. Problems and exercises.	Theoretical work combined with	^
		programming.	
8.		and the process of th	
8.			
	Designing and applying IIR and FIR filters.	Theoretical work combined with	
8. 9.	Designing and applying IIR and FIR filters. Problems and exercises.	Theoretical work combined with programming.	
8. 9.	Designing and applying IIR and FIR filters. Problems and exercises.  Working with short time Fourier transforms and	Theoretical work combined with programming.  Theoretical work combined with	
8. 9.	Designing and applying IIR and FIR filters. Problems and exercises.	Theoretical work combined with programming.	
9. 10	Designing and applying IIR and FIR filters. Problems and exercises.  Working with short time Fourier transforms and wavelet transforms.	Theoretical work combined with programming.  Theoretical work combined with	
9. 10	Designing and applying IIR and FIR filters. Problems and exercises.  Working with short time Fourier transforms and	Theoretical work combined with programming.  Theoretical work combined with programming.  Programming with applications on	
8. 9. 10.	Designing and applying IIR and FIR filters. Problems and exercises.  Working with short time Fourier transforms and wavelet transforms.  Random signal processing exercises.	Theoretical work combined with programming.  Theoretical work combined with programming.  Programming with applications on biological signals	
8. 9. 10.	Designing and applying IIR and FIR filters. Problems and exercises.  Working with short time Fourier transforms and wavelet transforms.	Theoretical work combined with programming.  Theoretical work combined with programming.  Programming with applications on biological signals  Programming with applications on	
8. 9. 10 11,	Designing and applying IIR and FIR filters. Problems and exercises.  Working with short time Fourier transforms and wavelet transforms.  Random signal processing exercises.  Nonlinear time series analysis exercises.	Theoretical work combined with programming.  Theoretical work combined with programming.  Programming with applications on biological signals  Programming with applications on biological signals	
8. 9. 10. 11. 12.	Designing and applying IIR and FIR filters. Problems and exercises.  Working with short time Fourier transforms and wavelet transforms.  Random signal processing exercises.	Theoretical work combined with programming.  Theoretical work combined with programming.  Programming with applications on biological signals  Programming with applications on	

Bibliography

## 9. Corroborating the content of the discipline with the expectations of the epistemic community, professional associations and representative employers within the field of the program

The content of the discipline is consistent with courses of similar content from other foreign academic centers. To adapt to the demands of the labor market, the content of the discipline has been harmonized with the requirements of the pre-university education, research institutes and the business environment.

10. Evaluation

Type of activity	10.1 Evaluation criteria	10.2 Evaluation methods	10.3 Share in the grade (%)
10.4 Course	End of year examination	Written theoretic and practical exam	40
10.5 Seminar/lab activities	Presentation of a chosen topics	Evaluation of the presentation	15
	Homeworks	Assessing the level of completion and quality of the homework.	20
	Personal/group project	Evaluation of the presentation	25

10.6 Minimum performance standards

50% of overall assessment of homeworks, 50% achieved at the exam. Homework assignments will be turned in every week. Over the deadline submissions are accepted but penalized.

Date

Signature of course coordinator

Signature of seminar coordinator

17.05.2022

·····

Date of approval 24.05.2022

THE RESERVE

Signature of the head of department

Prof. dr. Laura Dioşan

Diosen