

## SYLLABUS

### 1. Information regarding the programme

1.1 Higher education institution	<b>Babeş Bolyai University</b>
1.2 Faculty	<b>Faculty of Mathematics and Computer Science</b>
1.3 Department	<b>Department of Computer Science</b>
1.4 Field of study	<b>Computer Science</b>
1.5 Study cycle	<b>Master</b>
1.6 Study programme / Qualification	<b>Distributed Systems in Internet</b>

### 2. Information regarding the discipline

2.1 Name of the discipline (en)		<b>Social Network Analysis</b>					
(ro)		<b>Analiza Rețelelor Sociale</b>					
2.2 Course coordinator		<b>Conf. Dr. Camelia Chira</b>					
2.3 Seminar coordinator		<b>Conf. Dr. Camelia Chira</b>					
2.4. Year of study	<b>1</b>	2.5 Semester	<b>2</b>	2.6. Type of evaluation	<b>E</b>	2.7 Type of discipline	<b>Optional</b>
2.8 Code of the discipline		MME8176					

### 3. Total estimated time (hours/semester of didactic activities)

3.1 Hours per week	4	Of which: 3.2 course	2	3.3 seminar/laboratory	1 lab + 1 project
3.4 Total hours in the curriculum	56	Of which: 3.5 course	28	3.6 seminar/laboratory	28
Time allotment:					hours
Learning using manual, course support, bibliography, course notes					32
Additional documentation (in libraries, on electronic platforms, field documentation)					32
Preparation for seminars/labs, homework, papers, portfolios and essays					36
Tutorship					5
Evaluations					14
Other activities: .....					-
3.7 Total individual study hours	119				
3.8 Total hours per semester	175				
3.9 Number of ECTS credits	7				

### 4. Prerequisites (if necessary)

4.1. curriculum	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Algorithms and Programming, OOP</li> </ul>
4.2. competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Good programming skills</li> </ul>

## 5. Conditions (if necessary)

5.1. for the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Projector</li></ul>
5.2. for the seminar /lab activities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Computers, Network visualization tools, Python/Java/C++ programming environment</li></ul>

## 6. Specific competencies acquired

Professional competencies	<p>C3.4 Analysis of data and models</p> <p>CE1.4 Identification and explanation of Artificial Intelligence techniques and algorithms and their use for solving specific problems</p> <p>CE1.5 Using models and solutions from Artificial Intelligence in dedicated applications</p>
Transversal competencies	<p>CT1. Application of efficient work rules and responsible attitudes towards the scientific domain, for the creative exploitation of one's own potential according to the principles and rules of professional ethics</p> <p>CT2. Efficient conduct of activities organized in an interdisciplinary group and development of empathic capacity of interpersonal communication, networking and collaboration with diverse groups</p> <p>CT3. Use of efficient methods and techniques for learning, information, research and development of abilities for knowledge exploitation, for adapting to the needs of a dynamic society and for communication in a widely used foreign language.</p>

## 7. Objectives of the discipline (outcome of the acquired competencies)

7.1 General objective of the discipline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Introduce the interdisciplinary academic field of network science and the modern theory and applications of social networks</li></ul>
7.2 Specific objective of the discipline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Describe the concepts and methods used in social network analysis, define network models (random, small-world, scale-free) and processes on networks, theory and modelling of complex networks, analysis of real-world network datasets.</li></ul>

## 8. Content

8.1 Course	Teaching methods	Remarks
1. Introduction to Network Science and Social Networks Analysis. Real-world networks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Interactive exposure</li><li>• Presentation</li><li>• Explanation</li><li>• Practical examples</li><li>• Case-study discussions</li></ul>	
2. Network properties and basic definitions		
3. Network metrics and centrality measures		
4. Random networks		
5. Small world networks		
6. Scale-free networks		
7. Growth and preferential attachment		
8. Community detection in networks		
9. Spreading phenomena		
10. Epidemic models over networks		
11. Social networks in the real world		
12. Applications		
13. -14. Student presentations		
Bibliography		
<div>1. Albert-Laszlo Barabasi, Network Science, Cambridge University Press, 2016.</div> <div>2. Mark Newman, Networks: An Introduction, Oxford University Press, 2010.</div> <div>3. David Easley, Jon Kleinberg, Networks, Crowds, and Markets: Reasoning About a Highly Connected World, Cambridge University Press, 2010.</div> <div>4. Ernesto Estrada, The Structure of Complex Networks Theory and Applications, Oxford University Press, 2011.</div> <div>5. Melanie Mitchell, Complexity: A Guided Tour, Oxford University Press, 2009.</div> <div>6. Robert A. Hanneman, Mark Riddle. 2005. Introduction to social network methods. Riverside, CA: University of California, Riverside ( published in digital form at <a href="http://faculty.ucr.edu/~hanneman">http://faculty.ucr.edu/~hanneman</a>)</div> <div>7. D. J. Watts, P. S. Dodds, M. E. J. Newman. Identity and Search in Social Networks. Science, 296, 1302-1305, 2002.</div>		
8.2 Seminar / laboratory	Teaching methods	Remarks
<p>The goal is to use social network analysis methods and tools in real-world applications.</p> <p>Each student will work within a team to implement a project focusing on applying social network analysis to <b>real data</b> (for example, analyse the network of characters in a book, movie or TV series, analyse the social circles from <i>Facebook/Twitter/Google+</i>).</p> <p>To achieve these goals, seminar/laboratory work (2 hours every 2 weeks) will have the following structure:</p> <div>1. Introduction<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Explore social network analysis tools.</li><li>- Familiarize with the representation of networks.</li></ul></div>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Interactive exposure</li><li>• Explanation</li><li>• Conversation</li><li>• Didactical demonstration</li></ul>	

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Network analysis and visualization <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Investigate network properties such as node degree distribution, clustering coefficient, and centrality in network datasets.</li> <li>- Discover ways to visualize social networks.</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. Network models <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Investigate network models (random graphs, small worlds, power-law)</li> <li>- Work with real-world social network data.</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. Social network analysis project I <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Specify a theme for the project.</li> <li>- Define your own social networks from fiction and/or non-fiction.</li> </ul> </li> <li>5. Social network analysis project II <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Network visualization</li> <li>- Explore the properties of the social networks analysed e.g. node degree distribution, clustering coefficient, centrality, communities.</li> </ul> </li> <li>6-7. Social network analysis project III <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Analyse results</li> <li>- Prepare project presentation</li> </ul> </li> </ol>		
<p><b>Bibliography</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Albert-Laszlo Barabasi, Network Science, Cambridge University Press, 2016.</li> <li>2. Mark Newman, Networks: An Introduction, Oxford University Press, 2010.</li> <li>3. David Easley and Jon Kleinberg, Networks, Crowds, and Markets: Reasoning About a Highly Connected World, Cambridge University Press, 2010.</li> <li>4. Ernesto Estrada, The Structure of Complex Networks Theory and Applications, Oxford University Press, 2011.</li> <li>5. Jure Leskovec, Andrej Krevl, SNAP Datasets: Stanford Large Network Dataset Collection, <a href="http://snap.stanford.edu/data">http://snap.stanford.edu/data</a>, 2014.</li> </ol>		

**9. Corroborating the content of the discipline with the expectations of the epistemic community, professional associations and representative employers within the field of the program**

- The course exists in the studying program of all major universities abroad;

## 10. Evaluation

Type of activity	10.1 Evaluation criteria	10.2 Evaluation methods	10.3 Share in the grade (%)
10.4 Course	Know basic concepts, models and theories from the domain of social networks; Apply known concepts to perform social network analysis	Written exam / research paper and presentation	50%
10.5 Seminar/lab activities	Specify, design, implement and test social network analysis methods	Project implementation and presentation	50%
10.6 Minimum performance standards			
Each student should obtain minimum 5 for the written exam /research paper and presentation, as well as for the final grade.			

Date

27.04.2021

Signature of course coordinator

Conf. dr. Camelia Chira

Signature of seminar coordinator

Conf. dr. Camelia Chira

Date of approval

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Signature of the head of department

Prof. dr. Laura Dioşan