

SYLLABUS

1. Information regarding the programme

1.1 Higher education institution	Babeş Bolyai University
1.2 Faculty	Faculty of Mathematics and Computer Science
1.3 Department	Department of Computer Science
1.4 Field of study	Mathematics
1.5 Study cycle	Bachelor
1.6 Study programme / Qualification	Mathematics and Computer Science in English

2. Information regarding the discipline

2.1 Name of the discipline (en) (ro)	Formal Languages and Compiler Design						
2.2 Course coordinator	Assoc.Prof.PhD. Simona Motogna						
2.3 Seminar coordinator	Assoc.Prof.PhD. Simona Motogna						
2.4. Year of study	3	2.5 Semester	5	2.6. Type of evaluation	E	2.7 Type of discipline	Compulsory
2.8 Code of the discipline	MLE5023						

3. Total estimated time (hours/semester of didactic activities)

3.1 Hours per week	4	Of which: 3.2 course	2	3.3 seminar/laboratory	1 sem + 1lab
3.4 Total hours in the curriculum	56	Of which: 3.5 course	28	3.6 seminar/laboratory	28
Time allotment:					hours
Learning using manual, course support, bibliography, course notes					7
Additional documentation (in libraries, on electronic platforms, field documentation)					4
Preparation for seminars/labs, homework, papers, portfolios and essays					6
Tutorship					1
Evaluations					1
Other activities:					-
3.7 Total individual study hours	19				
3.8 Total hours per semester	75				
3.9 Number of ECTS credits	3				

4. Prerequisites (if necessary)

4.1. curriculum	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data Structures and Algorithms
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4.2. competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Average programming skills in a high level programming language
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5. Conditions (if necessary)

5.1. for the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •
5.2. for the seminar /lab activities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laboratory with computers; high level programming language environment (.NET or any Java environment a.s.o.)

6. Specific competencies acquired

Professional competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C4.1 Definition of concepts and basic principles of computer science, and their mathematical models and theories • C4.2 Interpretation of mathematical and computer science models • C4.5 Adoption of formal models in specific applications from different domains
Transversal competencies	<p>CT1 Apply rules to: organized and efficient work, responsibilities of didactical and scientific activities and creative capitalization of own potential, while respecting principles and rules for professional ethics</p> <p>CT3 Use efficient methods and techniques for learning, knowledge gaining, and research and develop capabilities for capitalization of knowledge, accomodation to society requirements and communication in English</p>

7. Objectives of the discipline (outcome of the acquired competencies)

7.1 General objective of the discipline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Be able to understand compiler design and to implement compiler techniques • Improved programming skills
7.2 Specific objective of the discipline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Acquire knowledge about back-end of a compiler • Understand and work with formal languages concepts: Chomsky hierarchy; regular grammars, finite automata and the equivalence between them; context-free grammars, push-down automata and their equivalence • Understand and work with compilers concepts: scanning, parsing

8. Content

8.1 Course	Teaching methods	Remarks
1. General Structure of a compiler. Compiler phases	Exposure: description, explanation, examples, discussion of case studies	
2. Scanning (Lexical Analysis)	Exposure: description, explanation, examples, discussion of case studies	
3. Introductory notions of formal languages. Grammars and Finite Automata	Exposure: description, explanation, examples, debate, dialogue	
4. Regular languages, regular expressions,	Exposure: description,	

equivalence between finite automata, regular grammars and regular expressions. Pumping lemma	explanation, examples, proofs	
5. Context-free grammars, syntax tree	Exposure: description, explanation, examples, discussion of case studies	
6. Parsing: general notions, classification.	Exposure: description, explanation, examples, discussion of case studies	
7. Recursive-descendant parser	Exposure: description, explanation, examples, discussion of case studies	
8. LL(1) parser	Exposure: description, explanation, examples, discussion of case studies	
9. LR(k) Parsing method. LR(0) parser	Exposure: description, explanation, examples, discussion of case studies	
10. SLR, LR(1), LALR parser	Exposure: description, explanation, examples, discussion of case studies	
11. Scanner generator (lex); Parser generators (yacc)	Exposure: description, examples, discussion of case studies, live demo	
12. Attribute grammars; generation of intermediary code	Exposure: description, explanation, examples, discussion of case studies	
13. Code optimization and object code generation	Exposure: description, explanation, examples, discussion of case studies	
14. Push-down automata and Turing machines	Exposure: description, explanation, examples, discussion of case studies	

Bibliography

1. A.V. AHO, D.J. ULLMAN - Principles of computer design, Addison-Wesley, 1978.
2. A.V. AHO, D.J. ULLMAN - The theory of parsing, translation and compiling, Prentice-Hall, Engl. Cliffs., N.J., 1972, 1973.
3. D. GRIES - Compiler construction for digital computers,, John Wiley, New York, 1971.
4. MOTOGNA, S. – Metode de proiectare a compilatoarelor, Ed. Albastra, 2006
5. SIPSER, M., Introduction to the theory of computation, PWS Pub. Co., 1997
6. CSÖRNYEI ZOLTÁN, Bevezetés a fordítóprogramok elméletébe, I, II., ELTE, Budapest, 1996
7. L.D. SERBANATI - Limbaje de programare si compilatoare, Ed. Academiei RSR, 1987.
8. CSÖRNYEI ZOLTÁN, Fordítási algoritmusok, Erdélyi Tankönyvtanács, Kolozsvár, 2000.
9. DEMETROVICS JÁNOS-DENEV, J.-PAVLOV, R., A számítástudomány matematikai alapjai, Nemzeti Tankönyvkiadó,

Budapest, 1999		
10. GRUNE, DICK - BAL, H. - JACOBS, C. - LANGENDOEN, K.: Modern Compiler Design, John Wiley, 2000		
8.2 Seminar	Teaching methods	Remarks
1. Specification of a programming language; BNF notation	Explanation, dialogue, case studies	
2. Grammars; language generated by a grammar; grammar corresponding to a language	Dialogue, debate, case studies, examples, proof	
3. Finite automata: language generated by a FA; FA corresponding to a language	Dialogue, debate, case studies, examples, proof	
4. Transformations: finite automata – regular grammars – regular expressions	Dialogue, debate, case studies, examples, proof	
5. Context free grammars; descendent recursive parser	Dialogue, debate, case studies, examples, proof	
6. LL(1) parser	Dialogue, debate, case studies, examples, proof	
7. LR(0) parsers	Dialogue, debate, case studies, examples, proof	
8.3 Laboratory	Teaching methods	Remarks
1. Task 1: Specify a mini-language and implement scanner 1.1: Mini language specification (BNF notation)	Explanation, dialogue, case studies	Each laboratory assignment will be developed during lab hours
2. Task 1: Specify a mini-language and implement scanner 1.2: Writing a small program in the minilanguage	Explanation, dialogue, case studies	
3. Task 1: Specify a mini-language and implement scanner 1.3: Use lex for scanner	Explanation, dialogue, case studies	
4. Task 1: Specify a mini-language and implement scanner 1.4: Determine lexical tokens using FA	Testing data discussion, case studies, evaluation	
5. Task 2: Parsing: 2.1: Define grammar for specified syntactical structures	Explanation, dialogue, case studies	
6. Task 2: Parsing 2.2: Use yacc for parsing	Testing data discussion, case studies	
7. Present Task 2	Testing data discussion, evaluation	
Bibliography		
1. A.V. AHO, D.J. ULLMAN - Principles of computer design, Addison-Wesley, 1978.		
2. A.V. AHO, D.J. ULLMAN - The theory of parsing, translation and compiling, Prentice-Hall, Engl. Cliffs., N.J., 1972, 1973.		
3. MOTOGNA, S. – Metode de proiectare a compilatoarelor, Ed. Albastra, 2006		
4. G. MOLDOVAN, V. CIOBAN, M. LUPEA - Limbaje formale si automate. Culegere de probleme, Univ. Babes-Bolyai, Cluj-Napoca, 1996.		

9. Corroborating the content of the discipline with the expectations of the epistemic community, professional associations and representative employers within the field of the program

- The course respects the IEEE and ACM Curricula Recommendations for Computer Science studies;
- The course exists in the studying program of all major universities in Romania and abroad;
- The content of the course is considered the software companies as important for average programming skills

10. Evaluation

Type of activity	10.1 Evaluation criteria	10.2 Evaluation methods	10.3 Share in the grade (%)
10.4 Course	- know the basic principle of the domain; - apply the course concepts - problem solving	Written exam	70%
10.5 Seminar and lab activities	- be able to apply algorithms, understand examples - problem solving	problems solved - homeworks delivered - continuous observations during semester	10%
	- be able to implement course concepts and algorithms - apply techniques for different classes of programming languages	-Practical examination during all semester -documentation - portofolio -continuous observations	20%
10.6 Minimum performance standards			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Attend 75% of seminar activities during semester AND attend 90% of lab activities during semester ➤ At least grade 5 (from a scale of 1 to 10) at both written exam and laboratory work. 			

Date

14.04.2021

Signature of course coordinator

Assoc.Prof.PhD. Simona MOTOGNA

Signature of seminar coordinator

Assoc.Prof.PhD. Simona MOTOGNA

Date of approval

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Signature of the head of department

Prof.dr. Laura Dioşan