#### **SYLLABUS**

## 1. Information regarding the programme

1.1 Higher education	Babes-Bolyai University
institution	
1.2 Faculty	Faculty of Mathematics and Computer Science
1.3 Department	Department of Computer Science
1.4 Field of study	Computer Science
1.5 Study cycle	Bachelor
1.6 Study programme /	Computer Science
Qualification	

#### 2. Information regarding the discipline

2.1 Name of the discipline Vi			Vir	tual Machines: Design a	nd In	nplementation	[
2.2 Course coordinator Assoc. Prof. Ing. Florin Craciun							
2.3 Seminar coordinator				Assoc. Prof. Ing. Florin Craciun			
2.4. Year of study 3 2.5 Semester 6			6	2.6. Type of evaluation	E	2.7 Type of	Optional
						discipline	

## 3. Total estimated time (hours/semester of didactic activities)

3.1 Hours per we	eek	3	Of which: 3.2 course	2	3.3	1
_					seminar/laboratory	
3.4 Total hours i	n the curriculum	36	Of which: 3.5 course	24	3.6	12
					seminar/laboratory	
Time allotment:						hours
Learning using r	nanual, course suppor	t, bib	oliography, course notes	5		20
Additional docu	mentation (in libraries	, on	electronic platforms, fie	eld do	cumentation)	10
Preparation for s	seminars/labs, homewo	ork, j	papers, portfolios and e	ssays		88
Tutorship						10
Evaluations						10
Other activities:						-
3.7 Total 138						
individual	individual					
study hours	study hours					
3.8 Total hours 175						
per semester						
3.9 Number of 7						
ECTS credits						

## **4. Prerequisites** (if necessary)

4.1. curriculum	Fundamentals of Programming, Algorithms and Data		
	Structures, Object-Oriented Programming, Advanced		
	Programming Methods, Logic and Functional Programming		
4.2. competencies	Basic knowledge in Python, Java, C#, C++		

## **5. Conditions** (if necessary)

5.1. for the course	Projector for lecture presentations
5.2. for the seminar /lab	Computers for practical assignments
activities	

6. Specific competencies acquired

0. Specific compe	etencies acquired
Professional competencies	<ul> <li>Good programming skills in high-level languages</li> <li>Better understanding of the program execution</li> <li>Ability to design and implement DSL (Domain Specific Languages)</li> <li>Better knowledge about program semantics</li> <li>Better knowledge about automated program verification</li> <li>Better knowledge about writing correct code</li> <li>Better knowledge about code optimization</li> </ul>
Transversal competencies	<ul> <li>Ability to design and build dependable software systems</li> <li>Ability to design and build critical systems</li> </ul>

7. Objectives of the discipline (outcome of the acquired competencies)

7.1 General objective of the discipline	<ul> <li>Understanding of the main concepts and techniques to design and implement a language interpreter (virtual machine)</li> </ul>		
7.2 Specific objective of the discipline	<ul> <li>To understand the execution model of a program</li> <li>To understand the automated program analyse</li> <li>To understand how an interpreter (virtual machine) works</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>To understand how to implement a DSL</li> <li>To understand the automated techniques to optimized the program</li> <li>To understand the automated program verification</li> <li>To become familiar with the tools which automatically analise, optimize and verify the programs</li> </ul>		

### 8. Content

8.1 Course	Teaching methods	Remarks
1. Introduction into code interpretation. Exemple of	Interactive	
virtual machine: Java VM, .NET CLI, SECD	exposure	
machine, WAM machine.	• Explanation	
	• Conversation	
	• Didactical	
	demonstration	
2. Principles of declarative programming. Basics of	Interactive exposure	

OCaml languaga	• F1
OCaml language.	• Explanation
	• Conversation
	• Didactical
	demonstration
3. Practical OCaml programming	• Interactive exposure
	• Explanation
	• Conversation
	• Didactical
	demonstration
4. Operational semantics. Exemples for a simple	• Interactive exposure
imperative language and a simple object-oriented	• Explanation
language	• Conversation
	• Didactical
	demonstration
5. Static semantics. Type systems for a simple	Interactive exposure
imperative language and a simple object-oriented	-
1 0	• Explanation
language.	• Conversation
	• Didactical
	demonstration
6. Symbolic execution of a program. Program	• Interactive exposure
representations: abstract syntax tree vs control flow	• Explanation
graph	• Conversation
O 1	Didactical
	demonstration
7. Domain Specific Languages: design and	Interactive exposure
implementation	• Explanation
	• Conversation
	Didactical
	demonstration
8. DataFlow Analyses for code optimization	Interactive exposure
or 2 www row ramungs on to a control of the control	• Explanation
	• Conversation
	Didactical
	demonstration
9. DataFlow Analyses for code verification	• Interactive exposure
	• Explanation
	• Conversation
	• Didactical
	demonstration
10. ControlFlow Analyses	Interactive exposure
10. Control 10 th Fillury 505	_
	• Explanation
	• Conversation
	• Didactical
	demonstration
11. Pointer Analyses	• Interactive exposure
	• Explanation
	• Conversation
	• Didactical
	demonstration
12. Code genration vs code interpretation	
12. Code gentation vs code interpretation	• Interactive exposure
	<ul><li>Explanation</li><li>Conversation</li></ul>

	Didactical demonstration
13. Code verification using Separation Logic	Interactive exposure
	Conversation
14. Code verification using Separation Logic	Interactive exposure
	Conversation

#### **Bibliography**

- 1. F. Nielson, H.R. Nielson, C. Hankin, Principles of Program Analysis
- 2. OCAML handbook. http://caml.inria.fr/pub/docs/manual-ocaml/
- 3. A. Appel. Modern compiler implementation in Java
- 4. A. Appel. Modern compiler implentation in ML
- 5. Benjamin Pierce. Types and Programming Languages

8.2 Seminar / laboratory	Teaching methods	Remarks
Principles of declarative programming.     Learning OCAML language by examples	Conversation, debate, case studies, examples	The laboratory is structured as 2 hours classes every second week
2. Initiate the project: design and implementation of an interprete for an OO language in Ocaml. Design the language and generate its AST.	•	
3. Implemetation: Operational Semantic and Symbolic Execution	•	
4. Implementation: Type System		
5. Implementation: DataFlow Analyses	•	
6. Implementation: ControlFlowAnalyses	•	
7. Implementation: Modular Verification of the code	•	
	•	
	<b>  •</b>	

#### **Bibliography**

The latest academic tools open source. The students will be able to change/adapt the tools.

# 9. Corroborating the content of the discipline with the expectations of the epistemic community, professional associations and representative employers within the field of the program

- The course respects the IEEE and ACM Curriculla Recommendations for Computer Science studies
  - The content of the course is considered by the software companies as important for average software development skills

#### 10. Evaluation

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Course	<ul> <li>know the basic principle of</li> <li>the domain;</li> <li>apply the course concepts problem solving</li> </ul>	Written Final Exam	30.00%
	•		
	•		
Seminar/lab activities	<ul><li>- be able to use course</li><li>concepts in solving the real problems</li></ul>	Laboratory Project	70.00%
	•		
At least grade 5 (from a scale of 1 to 10) at written final exam and at each laboratory assignment.			

Date Signature of course coordinator Signature of seminar coordinator

Assoc. Prof. Florin Craciun Assoc. Prof. Florin Craciun

Date of approval Signature of the head of department