SYLLABUS

1. Information regarding the programme

1.1 Higher education	Babes-Bolyai University
institution	
1.2 Faculty	Faculty of Mathematics and Computer Science
1.3 Department	Department of Computer Science
1.4 Field of study	Computer Science
1.5 Study cycle	Bachelor
1.6 Study programme /	Computer Science
Qualification	

2. Information regarding the discipline

2.1 Name of the discipline V			Vir	Virtual Machines: Design and Implementation			
2.2 Course coordinator				Assoc. Prof. Ing. Florin	Crac	iun	
2.3 Seminar coordinator				Assoc. Prof. Ing. Florin	Crac	iun	
2.4. Year of study	3	2.5 Semester	ester 6 2.6. Type of evaluation E 2.7 Type of			Optional	
						discipline	

3. Total estimated time (hours/semester of didactic activities)

3.1 Hours per we	eek	3	Of which: 3.2 course	2	3.3	1
					seminar/laboratory	
3.4 Total hours is	n the curriculum	48	Of which: 3.5 course	28	3.6	14
					seminar/laboratory	
Time allotment:						hours
Learning using r	nanual, course suppor	t, bib	oliography, course notes	5		8
Additional docum	mentation (in libraries	, on	electronic platforms, fie	eld do	cumentation)	7
Preparation for s	seminars/labs, homewo	ork, į	papers, portfolios and es	ssays		8
Tutorship						2
Evaluations						8
Other activities:					-	
3.7 Total 33						
individual						
study hours						
3.8 Total hours 75						
per semester						
3.9 Number of 5						
ECTS credits						

4. Prerequisites (if necessary)

4.1. curriculum	Fundamentals of Programming, Algorithms and Data			
	Structures, Object-Oriented Programming, Advanced			
	Programming Methods, Logic and Functional Programming			
4.2. competencies	Basic knowledge in Python, Java, C#, C++			

5. Conditions (if necessary)

5.1. for the course	Projector for lecture presentations
5.2. for the seminar /lab	Computers for practical assignments
activities	

6. Specific competencies acquired

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Professional competencies	 Good programming skills in high-level languages Better understanding of the program execution Ability to design and implement DSL (Domain Specific Languages) Better knowledge about program semantics Better knowledge about automated program verification Better knowledge about writing correct code Better knowledge about code optimization
Transversal competencies	 Ability to design and build dependable software systems Ability to design and build critical systems

7. Objectives of the discipline (outcome of the acquired competencies)

7.1 General objective of the discipline	Understanding of the main concepts and techniques to design and implement a language interpreter (virtual machine)		
7.2 Specific objective of the discipline	 To understand the execution model of a program To understand the automated program analyse To understand how an interpreter (virtual machine) works To understand how to implement a DSL To understand the automated techniques to optimized the program 		
	 To understand the automated program verification To become familiar with the tools which automatically analise, optimize and verify the programs 		

8. Content

8.1 Course	Teaching methods	Remarks
1. Introduction into code interpretation. Exemple of	• Interactive	
virtual machine: Java VM, .NET CLI, SECD	exposure	
machine, WAM machine.	• Explanation	
	• Conversation	
	• Didactical	
	demonstration	
2. Principles of declarative programming. Basics of	Interactive exposure	

OCaml language	. F1
OCaml language.	• Explanation
	Conversation
	Didactical
	demonstration
3. Practical OCaml programming	Interactive exposure
	• Explanation
	• Conversation
	Didactical
	demonstration
4 Ou	
4. Operational semantics. Exemples for a simple	Interactive exposure
imperative language and a simple object-oriented	Explanation
language	Conversation
	Didactical
	demonstration
5. Static semantics. Type systems for a simple	Interactive exposure
imperative language and a simple object-oriented	Explanation
language.	• Conversation
	Didactical
(C11:	demonstration
6. Symbolic execution of a program. Program	Interactive exposure
representations: abstract syntax tree vs control flow	Explanation
graph	Conversation
	Didactical
	demonstration
7. Domain Specific Languages: design and	Interactive exposure
implementation	• Explanation
r · · · · · · · ·	Conversation
	Didactical
	demonstration
8. DataFlow Analyses for code optimization	• Interactive exposure
	Explanation
	Conversation
	Didactical
	demonstration
9. DataFlow Analyses for code verification	Interactive exposure
	Explanation
	• Conversation
	Didactical
	demonstration
10. ControlFlow Analyses	
10. Controll low Analyses	• Interactive exposure
	• Explanation
	Conversation
	Didactical
	demonstration
11. Pointer Analyses	Interactive exposure
	Explanation
	Conversation
	Didactical
	demonstration
12. Code genration vs code interpretation	Interactive exposure
12. Code Somation vs code interpretation	·
	• Explanation
	Conversation

	Didactical demonstration
13. Code verification using Hoare Logic	Interactive exposure
	Conversation
14. Code verification using Separation Logic	Interactive exposure
	Conversation

Bibliography

- 1. F. Nielson, H.R. Nielson, C. Hankin, Principles of Program Analysis
- 2. OCAML handbook. http://caml.inria.fr/pub/docs/manual-ocaml/
- 3. A. Appel. Modern compiler implementation in Java
- 4. A. Appel. Modern compiler implentation in ML
- 5. Benjamin Pierce. Types and Programming Languages

8.2 Seminar / laboratory	Teaching methods	Remarks
Principles of declarative programming. Learning OCAML language by examples	Conversation, debate, case studies, examples	The laboratory is structured as 2 hours classes every second week
2. Initiate the project: design and implementation of an interprete for an OO language in Ocaml. Design the language and generate its AST.	•	
3. Implemetation: Operational Semantic and Symbolic Execution	•	
4. Implementation: Type System		
5. Implementation: DataFlow Analyses	•	
6. Implementation: ControlFlowAnalyses	•	
7. Implementation: Modular Verification of the code	•	
	•	
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Bibliography

The latest academic tools open source. The students will be able to change/adapt the tools.

9. Corroborating the content of the discipline with the expectations of the epistemic community, professional associations and representative employers within the field of the program

- The course respects the IEEE and ACM Curriculla Recommendations for Computer Science studies
 - The content of the course is considered by the software companies as important for average software development skills

10. Evaluation

10. Evaluation					
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Course	 know the basic principle of the domain; apply the course concepts problem solving 	Written Final Exam	30.00%
	•		
	•		
Seminar/lab activities	- be able to use courseconcepts in solving the real problems	Laboratory Project	70.00%
	•		
At least grade 5 (from a scale of 1 to 10) at written final exam and at each laboratory assignment.			

Date Signature of course coordinator Signature of seminar coordinator

Assoc. Prof. Florin Craciun Assoc. Prof. Florin Craciun

Date of approval Signature of the head of department