A nonlinear eigenvalue-transmission problem with Neumann boundary condition

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(based on a joint work with Gh. Morosanu and L. Barbu)

22.11.2018

Abstract

Let $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^N$, $N \geq 2$, be a bounded domain which is divided into two sub-domains $\Omega_1$ and $\Omega_2$. Consider in $\Omega$ an eigenvalue-transmission problem associated with the $p$-Laplacian acting in $\Omega_1$ and the $q$-Laplacian acting in $\Omega_2$, $1 < p < q$, with Dirichlet-Neumann conditions on the interface separating the two sub-domains $\Omega_1$ and $\Omega_2$. The main result states the existence of a sequence of eigenvalues for this eigenvalue problem. The proof is based on the Ljusternik-Schnirelman principle. Using the method of Lagrange multipliers for constrained minimization problems, we show that if $2 \leq p < q$ then there exists an eigenfunction in any level set of some integral functional. The case of Robin conditions on $\partial \Omega$ and the Riemannian setting are also addressed.